



The Peninsula's Community College

### Course Content Summary

## ITN 262 – Network Communication, Security and Authentication (4 Credits)

TNCC Cybersecurity Program web page: <http://tncc.edu/programs/cyber-security>

### Course Description:

Covers an in-depth exploration of various communication protocols with a concentration on TCP/IP. Explores communication protocols from the point of view of the hacker in order to highlight protocol weaknesses. Includes Internet architecture, routing, addressing, topology, fragmentation and protocol analysis, and the use of various utilities to explore TCP/IP.

Lecture 4 hours per week.

### Statement of Purpose:

This course provides a detailed study of networking protocols such as TCP/IP and supporting technologies. The student will learn how to use packet sniffing tools, such as Wireshark, in order to learn how to review network traffic for the purpose of detecting attack signatures. The student will be able to demonstrate, given specific attack scenarios, an understanding of how to apply encryption and authentication technologies, such as IPSec and SSL, as countermeasures. This course also includes content, as indicated below in parenthesis behind each learning objective that directly maps to DHS/NSA's Center of Academic Excellence – 2 Year (CAE2Y) criteria.

### Course Prerequisites / Corequisites:

ITN 260.

### Required Text:

Elementary Information Security, latest edition.

Author: Smith, Richard E.

Publisher: Jones & Bartlett Learning.

## COURSE OBJECTIVES

Upon successful completion of this course, the student will have a working knowledge of:

- 1.0 Fundamental Security Design Principles.
- 2.0 Network Security Policy.
- 3.0 Fundamental TCP/IP concepts and supporting technologies.
- 4.0 Network Authentication.
- 5.0 Network Encryption.
- 6.0 Wireless Security.
- 7.0 Required Additional Topics.

## STUDENT LEARNING OUTCOMES

### 1.0 Fundamental Security Design Principles

- 1.1 Understand the role of security design as an enforcer/implementation tool for desired security policies.
- 1.2 Describe the Security System Development Life Cycle. **(IA4)**
- 1.3 Understand basic security design roles, including the role of separation (of domains) and isolation, simplicity of design, minimization of implementation, fail safe defaults vs. fail secure, modulatory, layering, principle of Least Astonishment, open design, and usability. **(FS1, FS2, FS4, FS5, FS6, FS7, FS8, FS10, FS11)**
- 1.4 Describe the system mode of operation (i.e. compartmented/partitioned, dedicated, multilevel, system-high) and the impact to security architecture and policy.
- 1.5 Describe security models, including Bell La-Padula, Biba, Clark-Wilson, Non-Interference Model, Chinese Wall and other models. **(IA8)**
- 1.6 Analyze common security failures and identify specific design principles that are in error. **(FS)**
- 1.7 When provided with a specific scenario, be able to identify the needed design principle to resolve the security problem. **(FS)**
- 1.8 Be able to understand the importance of minimizing the effects of security mechanisms to enable usability and describe why good human machine interfaces are important to system use. **(FS)**
- 1.9 Be able to examine the architecture of a typical complex system and identify significant vulnerabilities, risks, and points at which specific security technologies/methods should be employed. **(IA)**
- 1.10 Understand and demonstrate how to obtain and use information relating to security threats from government websites such as the Computer Emergency Response Team (CERT). **(CT13)**

## 2.0 Network Security Policy

- 2.1 Describe Authorization, Authentication, Confidentiality and Non-Repudiation.
- 2.2 Define risk management and its role in creating the network security policy.
- 2.3 Describe the risk management phases and the activities associated with each phase.
- 2.4 Define the process of identifying attack surfaces/vectors and attack trees. **(CT9) (CT10)**
- 2.5 Describe network security goals, philosophy and decisions related to creating a security policy.
- 2.6 Define the difference between policies, standards, guidelines and procedures.
- 2.7 Explain the elements of the security policy as it relates to users, maintenance personnel, contractors, clearances, position description and sensitivity.
- 2.8 Describe administrative security control as it relates to such topics as attribution, passwords, copyrights and classification of media and its handling.
- 2.9 Describe the Security Assessment and Authorization (SAA) and other compliance methods for ensuring that systems are compliant with security policies.

## 3.0 TCP/IP Protocols

- 3.1 Describe the encapsulation process and its employment in the OSI model. **(FS3)**
- 3.2 Explain attacks against the data link layer, network and transport protocols.
- 3.3 Explain the use of firewalls and other security devices in defending against attacks on network protocols.
- 3.4 Explain the employment and operation of the Network Address Translation (NAT).
- 3.5 Explain the employment and operation of TCP Wrappers.
- 3.6 Explain the employment and operation of security protocols such as SSL, TLS, and IPsec. **(CD3) (FS3)**

## 4.0 Network Authentication

- 4.1 Recognize how authentication, authorization and identification techniques are used to protect the network.
- 4.2 Describe the three major authentication principles (factors).
- 4.3 Describe the most common attacks against passwords, smart cards (i.e. microprobing), and biometrics and the defense against those attacks, including multifactor authentication and HSPD-12. **(CT4)**
- 4.4 Describe False Acceptance Rates (FARs), False Rejection Rates (FRRs), and Cross-Over Error Rates (CER) and the impact on FARs and FRRs when tuning biometric systems.
- 4.5 Explain the employment of Kerberos and other authentication protocols, their operation, strengths and weaknesses.

## 5.0 Network Encryption

- 5.1 Explain the security functions of cryptography (confidentiality, integrity, and authentication). **(CD3) (IC10)**
- 5.2 Define such terms as encryption, cryptography, cryptanalysis, encryption key, and encryption algorithm.
- 5.3 Explain and identify common symmetric key cryptosystems, their strengths and weaknesses. **(IC1)**
- 5.4 Explain asymmetric key cryptosystems, their strength and weaknesses. **(IC1)**
- 5.5 Understand the function and operation of the AES encryption algorithm and the evolution from DES to AES. **(IC9)**
- 5.6 Understand the function and operation of the Diffie-Hellman key exchange.
- 5.7 Understand the function and operation of the RSA encryption algorithm. **(IC2)**
- 5.8 Explain the function and operation of digital signatures.
- 5.9 Explain the function and operation of the Public Key Infrastructure (PKI), including the role of the CA and protection of the keying material and CA environment. **(IC2)**
- 5.10 Explain the function and operation of the common hashing algorithms(MD4, MD5, SHA-1, SHA-2, SHA-3) for protecting integrity, protecting authentication data, and their relative resistance to collisions. **(IC3)**
- 5.11 Explain the Digital Signature Standard. **(IC4)**
- 5.12 Explain the function and operation of common cryptographic protocols such as SSL and IPSec and their use in Virtual Private Networks. **(CD4) (IC8) (FS3)**
- 5.13 Explain Key Management (creation, exchange/distribution issues, revocation, suspension, escrow). **(IC5)**
- 5.14 Explain the different types of cryptographic attacks, including brute force, chosen plaintext, known plaintext, differential and linear cryptanalysis, etc. **(IC7)**

## 6.0 Wireless Security

- 6.1 Explain cellular-based wireless systems and Wireless Local Area networks.
- 6.2 Describe current attacks on mobile phones and wireless systems.
- 6.3 Describe the various components of the Wireless Local Area Network.
- 6.4 Describe the different Wireless Local Area Network types.
- 6.5 Describe the operation of CSMA/CA.
- 6.6 Describe wireless topology.
- 6.7 Describe WEP, WPA, and WPA2 and their advantages and vulnerabilities. Describe the various mobile and wireless threats and their mitigations. **(CT4)**

## 7.0 Required Additional Topics

- 7.1 Describe emanations security, including TEMPEST and the various elements and requirements of TEMPEST security, including attenuation, banding, cabling, filtered power, grounding, shielding, TEMPEST separation, and zone of control/zoning.
- 7.2 Social engineering techniques. **(CT6)**
- 7.3 Describe Trustworthy systems and the concepts of mutual, one-way, transitive and intransitive trust. **(CD6)**

**CAE2Y Knowledge Unit Domain Index**

<b>Course Content KU Indicator</b>	<b>CAE2Y KU Full Domain Name</b>
<b>BD</b>	<b>Basic Data Analysis</b>
<b>BS</b>	<b>Basic Scripting</b>
<b>CD</b>	<b>Cyber Defense</b>
<b>CT</b>	<b>Cyber Threats</b>
<b>FS</b>	<b>Fundamental Security Design Principles</b>
<b>IA</b>	<b>Information Assurance Fundamentals</b>
<b>IC</b>	<b>Introduction to Cryptography</b>
<b>IT</b>	<b>Information Technology System Components</b>
<b>NC</b>	<b>Networking Concepts</b>
<b>PL</b>	<b>Policy legal Ethics and Compliance</b>
<b>SA</b>	<b>Systems Administration</b>

**NOTE:** the number following the KU Indicator represents the KU Domain topic as shown in the KU mapping matrix (Excel file).